

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 18.57 Seconds
(Without alignments)
61.365 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1
Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHWMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 390729 seqs, 57163235 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 390729

Num DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A.Geneseq_0401.*
1: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1980.DAT.*
2: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1981.DAT.*
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4: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1983.DAT.*
5: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1984.DAT.*
6: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1985.DAT.*
7: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1986.DAT.*
8: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1987.DAT.*
9: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1988.DAT.*
10: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1989.DAT.*
11: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1990.DAT.*
12: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1991.DAT.*
13: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1992.DAT.*
14: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1993.DAT.*
15: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1994.DAT.*
16: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1995.DAT.*
17: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1996.DAT.*
18: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1997.DAT.*
19: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1998.DAT.*
20: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1999.DAT.*
21: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2000.DAT.*
22: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2001.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	103.5	89.2	20	W47438	Antigenic peptide.
2	103.5	89.2	20	Y31174	Ubiquitin fusion p.
3	103.5	89.2	20	Y31178	Ubiquitin fusion p.
4	103.5	89.2	21	R07324	Luteinizing hormon
5	103.5	89.2	30	R07323	Luteinizing hormon
6	103.5	89.2	40	Y31183	Ubiquitin fusion p.
7	103.5	89.2	41	Y31182	Ubiquitin fusion p.
8	103.5	89.2	42	B20865	GnRH tandem dimer
9	100.5	86.6	20	Y31177	Ubiquitin fusion p.
10	100.5	86.6	20	Y31179	Ubiquitin fusion p.
11	100.5	86.6	40	Y96085	Cattle gonadotropi

12	100.5	86.6	263	12	R11185	Plasmid pBTA870-en
13	100.5	86.6	283	12	R11186	Plasmid pBTA862-en
14	100.5	86.6	323	12	R11187	Plasmid pBTA859-en
15	100.5	86.6	398	21	Y96090	BHV-1 truncated gd
16	100.5	86.6	399	21	Y96093	BHV-1 truncated gd
17	100.5	86.6	411	21	Y96089	GnRH tetramer-trun
18	100.5	86.6	442	21	Y96091	GnRH tetramer-BHV-
19	89.5	77.2	21	18	W21648	Peptide containing
20	89.5	77.2	42	18	W21649	Peptide containing
21	89.5	77.2	44	18	W21650	Peptide containing
22	89.5	76.7	23	21	B20864	GnRH tandem repeat
23	86	74.1	695	19	W79573	LKT-GnRH chimeric
24	86	74.1	695	21	Y58361	Leukotoxin/gonadot
25	86	74.1	695	21	Y58133	Gonadotropin relea
26	85.5	73.7	49	17	W03944	GnRH 4-repeat sequ
27	85.5	73.7	49	19	W79567	GnRH-2. Synthetic
28	85.5	73.7	49	19	W61542	Peptide hormone Gn
29	85.5	73.7	49	21	Y58363	Four-copy gonadotr
30	85.5	73.7	49	21	Y58135	GnRH analogue mult
31	85.5	73.7	544	17	W03943	LKT-GnRH protein f
32	85.5	73.7	544	19	W79570	LKT-GnRH chimeric
33	85.5	73.7	977	17	W03942	LKT-GnRH protein f
34	85.5	73.7	977	19	W79569	LKT-GnRH chimeric
35	85.5	58.6	18	21	Y89761	Core polypeptide f
36	68	58.6	256	12	R11177	Plasmid pBTA732-en
37	67	57.8	18	21	Y89788	Core polypeptide f
38	67	57.8	22	21	Y89760	Core polypeptide f
39	65	56.0	18	21	Y89789	Core polypeptide f
40	63	54.3	26	21	Y89759	Core polypeptide f
41	60.5	52.2	257	12	R11179	Plasmid pBTA737-en
42	59	50.9	16	16	R78285	GnRH immunomimic a
43	59	50.9	16	21	Y58141	Gonadotropin relea
44	58.5	50.4	253	12	R11181	Plasmid pBTA733-en
45	58	50.0	9	20	W94891	LHRH peptide fragm

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1	
W47438	W47438 standard; peptide; 20 AA.	
XX	XX	
AC	W47438;	
XX	XX	
DT	05-JUN-1998 (first entry)	
XX	XX	
DE	Antigenic peptide.	
XX	XX	
KW	Vaccine; antigen.	
XX	XX	
OS	Synthetic.	
PN	W09749425-A1.	
PD	XX	
XX	31-DEC-1997.	
XX	XX	
PF	24-JUN-1997; 97WO-NL00354.	
XX	XX	
PR	25-JUN-1996; 96EP-0201766.	
XX	XX	
PA	(DAVE-) DANISH VETERINARY INST ANIMAL VIRUS RES.	
XX	(DIER-) STICHTING INST DIERHOUDERIJ EN DIERGEZONHEID.	
PI	Beekeken NJCM, Dalsgaard K, Mejoen RH, Schaaper WMM;	
XX	WPI: 1998-076912/07.	
PT	Vaccines comprising antigen bound to carrier by an in vivo labile	
PT	bond - especially synthetic peptide linked to fatty acid via	
PT	thioester or disulphide, provide greater immune response for weakly	
PT	immunogenic antigens	
XX	XX	

PS Claim 9; Page 28; 36pp; English.

CC A novel vaccine comprises an antigen (Ag), e.g. the present
 CC peptide, and carrier connected by a bond that is labile and
 CC dissociates under certain physiological conditions.
 CC The vaccine, which allows dissociation of the Ag from the carrier
 CC molecule, can be used to elicit better immune responses against
 CC poorly immunogenic Ag then those Ag which contain a stable link to
 CC the carrier molecule. Ag dissociate from the carrier in vivo,
 CC resulting in better immune response for Ag that are normally only
 CC weakly immunogenic. The vaccine also improves targeting to, and
 CC presentation by Ag-presenting cells.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

SO

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 19; Length 20;
 st Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20

RESULT 2
 Y31174
 ID Y31174 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
 AC Y31174;
 XX
 DT 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH dimer for C-terminal extension.
 XX
 KW Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
 KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
 KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
 KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
 KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
 KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
 KW
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 Y31178
 ID MO9942472-A1.
 PD 26-AUG-1999.
 XX
 PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX
 PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 XX
 PA (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 XX
 PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 DR WPI; 1999-518582/43.
 PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 PT specific immune responses
 XX
 XX Example 3; Page 40; 67pp; English.

CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial

CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steriodogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of a
 CC ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

SO

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20

RESULT 3
 Y31178
 ID Y31178 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
 AC Y31178;
 XX
 DT 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH mixed dimer 1.
 XX
 KW Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
 KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
 KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
 KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
 KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
 KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
 KW
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 Y31178
 ID MO9942472-A1.
 PD 26-AUG-1999.
 XX
 PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX
 PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 XX
 PA (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 XX
 PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 DR WPI; 1999-518582/43.
 XX

PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 PT specific immune responses

Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.

CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TGF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GHRH mixed dimer used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhsyglrpg 20

RESULT 4
 R07324 R07324 standard; protein; 21 AA.

AC R07324;

DT 29-JAN-1991 (first entry)

DE Luteinising hormone releasing hormone derived peptide.

XX LHRH; vaccine; meat; pigs; cancer; sterilisation.

XX Synthetic.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 3 /note=OTHER-pyroglyutamic acid

FT Modified-site 13 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 13 /note=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

FT /label=OTHER
 FT /note=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

FT Misc-difference 21 /label=OTHER
 FT /note=OTHER-Cys-NH2

XX MO9011298-A.

XX 04-OCT-1990.

XX 22-MAR-1990; 90MO-MI00037.

XX 23-MAR-1989; 89NL-0000726.

XX (DIER-) STICHT CENT DIERGEN.

XX Melen RH, Wensing CUG;

XX MPI; 1990-320228/42.

PT Peptide for vaccinating mammals against LHRH - comprises at least
 PT two luteinising hormone releasing hormone sequences in tandem

PS Claim 4; Page 10; 15pp; English.

CC The peptide comprises at least 2 LHRH sequences in tandem. The
 CC peptide can be used to vaccinate mammals (e.g. pigs) against LHRH.
 CC Such vaccination is used in human medicine for the treatment of
 CC prostate cancer and breast cancer and some forms of hypophyseal
 CC carcinoma. Other applicants. Include sterilisation of domestic
 CC animals and treatment of aggression in dogs. A major use of the
 CC vaccination is to improve meat quality in pigs by avoiding "boar
 CC odour" associated with the meat of sexually mature pigs.
 CC See also R07323.

XX Sequence 21 AA:

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 11; Length 21;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.6e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhsyglrpg 20

RESULT 5
 R07323 ID R07323 standard; peptide; 30 AA.

AC R07323;

DT 29-JAN-1991 (first entry)

DE Luteinising hormone releasing hormone derived peptide.

XX LHRH; vaccine; meat; pigs; cancer; sterilisation.

XX Synthetic.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Misc-difference 1 /label=OTHER

FT /note=OTHER-pyroglyutamic acid or Gln having at
 FT least one additional AA attached."

FT Modified-site 3 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 13 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 13 /note=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

FT Region

FT /label-repeat
 FT /note="repeat must occur at least once"
 FT Misc-difference 30
 FT /label-OTHER
 FT /note="OTHER-Gly-NH2 or Gly having at
 FT least one additional AA attached"
 XX
 XX MO9011298-A.
 XX
 XX 04-OCT-1990.
 XX
 XX 22-MAR-1990; 90WO-NL00037.
 XX
 XX 23-MAR-1989; 89NL-0000726.
 XX
 XX (DIER-) STICHT CENT DIERGEN.
 XX
 XX Meloen RH, Wensing CJS;
 XX
 XX WPI: 1990-320228/42.
 XX
 XX Peptide for vaccinating mammals against LHRH - comprises at least
 PT two interleaving hormone releasing hormone sequences in tandem
 PS- Claim 2; Page 10; 15pp; English.
 XX
 XX The peptide comprises at least 2 LHRH sequences in tandem. There
 CC may be a spacer gp. between GLY(20) and Gln(21). The peptide can
 CC be used to vaccinate mammals (e.g. pigs) against LHRH. Such
 CC vaccination is used in human medicine for the treatment of prostate
 CC cancer and breast cancer and some forms of hypophyseal carcinoma.
 CC Other applicants. Include sterilisation of domestic animals and
 CC treatment of aggression in dogs. A major use of the vaccination is
 CC to improve meat quality in pigs by avoiding "boar odour" associated
 CC with the meat of sexually mature pigs.
 CC See also R07323.
 CC
 XX Sequence 30 AA:
 SQ
 Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 11; Length 30;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 2.3e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20
 RESULT 6
 Y31183
 ID Y31183 standard; peptide; 40 AA.
 XX
 XX Y31183;
 XX
 XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH fragment 2.
 XX
 XX Ubiquitin: immunocastration; fusion protein: heat shock protein; epitope;
 KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
 KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
 KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
 KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
 KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
 XX
 XX Undifferentiated.
 XX
 XX OS
 XX MO9942472-A1.
 XX
 XX PD 26-AUG-1999.

XX
 XX 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX
 XX 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 XX
 XX (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 XX
 XX Kenten JH, Lohas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 XX WPI: 1999-518582/43.
 XX
 XX Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 PT specific immune responses
 PS
 PS Claim 83; Page 43; 67pp; English.
 XX
 XX This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steriodogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in livestock, the
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH fragment used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
 CC
 XX Sequence 40 AA:
 SQ
 Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 3.2e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20
 RESULT 7
 Y31182
 ID Y31182 standard; peptide; 41 AA.
 XX
 XX Y31182;
 XX
 XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Ubiquitin fusion protein G
 XX
 XX Ubiquitin: immunocastra

KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
 KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
 KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
 KW steroidogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
 KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
 XX Unidentified.
 OS
 XX WO9942472-A1.
 XX
 PD 26-AUG-1999.
 XX
 PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX
 PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 XX
 PA (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 XX
 PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 WPI: 1999-518582/43.
 XX
 PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 specific immune responses
 PS
 XX Claim 81; Page 43; 67pp: English.
 XX
 CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH fragment used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
 XX
 XX Sequence 41 AA:
 SQ

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 41;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 3.3e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 DB 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWSYGLRPG 20

RESULT 8
 B20865
 ID B20865 standard; peptide; 42 AA.
 XX
 AC B20865;
 XX
 DT 03-JAN-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE GnRH tandem dimer peptide sequence SEQ ID NO:3.
 XX
 KW Gonadotropin releasing hormone; GnRH; immunogen; Protein D; carrier;
 KW prostate cancer; Haemophilus influenzae; vaccine; infectious disease;
 KW malaria; cytostatic; antiallergic; neurotropic; neuroprotective;
 KW protozoacide; Alzheimer's disease; allergy.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified site 42 /note="amidated"
 FT
 XX
 PN WO200050077-A1.
 PD 31-AUG-2000.
 XX
 PF 22-FEB-2000; 2000WO-EP01457.
 XX
 PR 25-FEB-1999; 99GB-0004405.
 PR 25-FEB-1999; 99GB-0004408.
 PR 25-FEB-1999; 99GB-0004412.
 PR 13-AUG-1999; 99GB-0019260.
 XX
 PA (SMIR) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS.
 PI Coste M, Lobet Y, Van-Mechelen MP, Verriest C;
 WPI: 2000-572040/53.
 XX
 DR Immunogens and vaccine comprising the immunogen useful for preventing
 XX and treating infectious diseases e.g. malaria and chronic disease e.g.
 PT cancer, comprises peptide and carrier from protein D of Influenzae -
 PS Disclosure; Page 7; 53pp: English.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes an immunogen (I) comprising a peptide
 CC (1a) and a carrier (1b) derived from protein D of Haemophilus influenzae
 CC or its fragment. Also described are: (1) a vaccine comprising (1), and
 CC an excipient; (2) preparation of (1), comprising conjugating a peptide
 CC to protein D or its fragment; and (3) preparation of a vaccine of (1),
 CC comprising formulating (1) with an excipient. (1) has cytostatic,
 CC antiallergic, neurotropic, neuroprotective and protozoacide activities.
 CC (1) and the vaccine are useful for the manufacture of a medicament for
 CC preventing and treating infectious diseases such as malaria or chronic
 CC disease such as cancer, Alzheimer's disease or allergy in a patient.
 CC Unlike prior art immunogens, (1) induces high levels of antipeptide
 CC immune responses while inducing a moderate humoral response against the
 CC carrier. The present sequence represents an example of an immunogen from
 CC the present invention which contains gonadotropin releasing hormone
 CC (GnRH) tandem dimers.
 XX
 XX Sequence 42 AA:
 SQ

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 21; Length 42;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 DB 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWSYGLRPG 20

RESULT 9
ID Y31177 standard; peptide: 20 AA.
XX Y31177;
AC Y31177;
XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH dimer.
XX Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
XX Synthetic.
OS WO9942472-A1.
XX 26-AUG-1999.
XX 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
XX 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
XX (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
PI Kenten JH, Lohmas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
DR WPI: 1999-518582/43.
XX Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
PT specific immune responses
XX Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.
XX This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of

CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
XX Sequence 20 AA;
SQ
Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 20; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 4e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 20
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
RESULT 10
ID Y31179 standard; peptide: 20 AA.
XX Y31179;
AC Y31179;
XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH mixed dimer 2.
XX Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
XX Synthetic.
OS WO9942472-A1.
XX 26-AUG-1999.
XX 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
XX 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
XX (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
PI Kenten JH, Lohmas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
DR WPI: 1999-518582/43.
XX Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
PT specific immune responses
XX Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.
XX This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of

CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are FIV and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH mixed dimer used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

CC Sequence 20 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 20; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 4e-08; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||:|||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgwhslylpg 20

RESULT 11

ID Y96085 standard; Protein; 40 AA.

AC Y96085;

DT 19-DEC-2000 (first entry)

DE Cattle gonadotropin releasing hormone tetramer.

KW Gonadotropin releasing hormone; GnRH; cattle; vaccine;

KW dual immune response; immunogen; fertility; aggression;

KW contraceptive.

OS Bos taurus.

FT Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..10 /label= GnRH

FT Peptide 11..20 /label= GnRH

FT Peptide 21..30 /label= GnRH

FT Peptide 31..40 /label= GnRH

PN EP1035133-A2.

PD 13-SEP-2000.

PF 14-FEB-2000; 2000EP-0301103.

PR 17-FEB-1999; 99US-0120454.

PA (Pfizer) PFIZER PROD INC.

PI Campos M, Martindale SR, Dartsch BA, Yule TD;

DR WPI; 2000-566924/53.

DR N-PSDB; A50548.

XX Novel fusion protein for producing a dual immune response comprises a
 PT peptide analogous to an endogenous peptide which is to be inhibited,
 PT connected to a peptide analogous to an immunogen from a pathogen which
 PT infects a vertebrate

PS Disclosure; Fig 2; 93pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents a cattle gonadotropin releasing
 CC hormone (GnRH) tetramer, i.e. comprising 4 repeats of the GnRH
 CC native decapeptide (see Y96084). DNA (see A50548) encoding the
 CC tetramer was obtained by the annealing and cloning of GnRH-encoding
 CC oligonucleotides (see A50541-47). GnRH tetramer constructs were
 CC utilised in the novel fusion proteins of the invention also
 CC comprising a bovine herpesvirus type 1 (BHV-1) antigen. These
 CC fusion proteins (see Y96089-91 and Y96093) are used as vaccines,
 CC producing a dual immune response that is effective in inhibiting
 CC sexual characteristics in cattle and also in protecting against
 CC BHV-1, a causative agent of bovine respiratory disease. Sexual
 CC characteristics that can be inhibited include aggression in males,
 CC and fertility in males and females, the latter providing a means of
 CC contraception.

CC Sequence 40 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 21; Length 40;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 8.6e-08; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||:|||||
 Db 2 hwsyglrpgwhslylpg 20

RESULT 12

ID R1185 standard; Protein; 263 AA.

AC R1185;

DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

DE Plasmid pTRAP870-encoded Trapp-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

KW Trapp protein; Lentinizing hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;

KW immunological castration.

FT Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..20 /label= Trapp signal

FT Peptide 201..220 /label= two copies of LHRH analogue

PN WO9102799-A.

PD 07-MAR-1991.

PF 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

PR 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

PA (BIOT-) BIOTECHN AUST PTY L.

PI Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

DR WPI; 1991-087282/12.

DR N-PSDB; Q11019.

XX Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and Trapp (analogue) -

PT vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

XX Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pTRAP870 is a Trapp-LHRH analogue fusion in which two copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of Trapp (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J. Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by inserting DNA encoding the LHRH

CC analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA733 (see Q11015) which all ready
 CC carries one copy of the LHRH sequence. After transformation,
 CC colonies with two LHRH molecules are identified. Fusion proteins
 CC with multiple inserts generated a higher anti-LHRH response (as
 CC measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a serum dilution of
 CC 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single insert. In outbred mice
 CC and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to inhibit reproductive
 CC functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-8, Q11020-Q11021.

XX Sequence 263 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 263;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 6.8e-07;
 Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 202 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 220

RESULT 13

ID R1186 standard; Protein: 283 AA.

XX R1186;

DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

DE Plasmid pBTA862-encoded TrAtp-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

KW TrAtp protein; Leutinizing hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;
 immunological castration.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..20 /Label= TrAtp signa;

FT Peptide 201..240 /Label= four LHRH analogues in tandem repeat

PN MO9102799-A.

XX 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

XX 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

XX (BIOT-) BIOTECN AUST PTY L.

PA Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

PI MPI: 1991-087282/12.

DR N-PSDB: Q11020.

XX Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and TrAtp (analogue) -
 PT useful in vaccine for inhibition or control of reproduction in
 PT vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

PS Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pBTA862 is a TrAtp-LHRH analogue fusion in which four copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of TrAtp (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by inserting DNA coding for a dimer of
 CC LHRH analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA870 (see Q11019) which all
 CC ready carries two copies of the LHRH sequence. After transformation,
 CC colonies with 4 LHRH molecules were identified. Fusion proteins
 CC with multiple inserts generated a higher anti-LHRH response (as
 CC measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a serum dilution of
 CC 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single insert. In outbred mice
 CC and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to inhibit reproductive

CC functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-9, Q11021.

XX Sequence 283 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 283;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 7.4e-07;
 Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19

DB 212 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 230

RESULT 14

ID R1187 standard; Protein: 323 AA.

XX R1187;

DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

DE Plasmid pBTA859-encoded TrAtp-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

KW TrAtp protein; Leutinizing hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;
 immunological castration.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..20 /Label= TrAtp signal

FT Peptide 201..280 /Label= 8 LHRH analogues in tandem repeat

PN MO9102799-A.

XX 07-MAR-1991.

XX 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

XX 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

XX (BIOT-) BIOTECN AUST PTY L.

PA Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

PI MPI: 1991-087282/12.

DR N-PSDB: Q11021.

XX Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and TrAtp (analogue) -
 PT useful in vaccine for inhibition or control of reproduction in
 PT vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

PS Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pBTA859 is a TrAtp-LHRH analogue fusion in which 8 copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of TrAtp (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by two successive additions of DNA
 CC coding for a dimer of LHRH analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA862
 CC (see Q11020) which all ready carries four copies of the LHRH
 CC sequence. After transformation, colonies with 8 LHRH molecules were
 CC identified. Fusion proteins with multiple inserts generated a higher
 CC anti-LHRH response (as measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a
 CC serum dilution of 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single
 CC insert. In outbred mice and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to
 CC inhibit reproductive functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-Q11020.

XX Sequence 323 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 323;

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 11.62 Seconds
(without alignments)
33.065 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1
Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table:
BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 185757 seqs, 19210857 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 185757

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Issued Patents AA: *
1: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep:*
2: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep:*
3: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep:*
4: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep:*
5: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/PCITUS.COMB.pep:*
6: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/Backfile1.pep:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	100.5	86.6	24	1	US-07-690-983D-43 Sequence 43, Appl
2	100.5	86.6	44	1	US-07-690-983D-45 Sequence 45, Appl
3	100.5	86.6	52	3	US-08-458-814-6 Sequence 6, Appl
4	100.5	86.6	55	3	US-08-458-814-7 Sequence 7, Appl
5	100.5	86.6	84	1	US-07-690-983D-47 Sequence 47, Appl
6	94.5	81.5	20	1	US-07-690-983D-40 Sequence 40, Appl
7	86	74.1	699	2	US-08-694-865-16 Sequence 16, Appl
8	86	74.1	699	3	US-09-124-491-16 Sequence 16, Appl
9	85.5	73.7	49	1	US-08-387-156-4 Sequence 4, Appl
10	85.5	73.7	49	2	US-08-694-865-4 Sequence 4, Appl
11	85.5	73.7	49	2	US-08-878-748-4 Sequence 4, Appl
12	85.5	73.7	49	3	US-09-124-491-4 Sequence 4, Appl
13	85.5	73.7	544	1	US-08-387-156-10 Sequence 10, Appl
14	85.5	73.7	544	2	US-08-694-865-10 Sequence 10, Appl
15	85.5	73.7	544	2	US-08-878-748-10 Sequence 10, Appl
16	85.5	73.7	544	3	US-09-124-491-10 Sequence 10, Appl
17	85.5	73.7	977	1	US-08-387-156-8 Sequence 8, Appl
18	85.5	73.7	977	2	US-08-694-865-8 Sequence 8, Appl
19	85.5	73.7	977	2	US-08-878-748-8 Sequence 8, Appl
20	85.5	73.7	977	3	US-09-124-491-8 Sequence 8, Appl
21	68	58.6	17	1	US-07-690-983D-16 Sequence 16, Appl
22	59	50.9	16	1	US-08-188-223-2 Sequence 2, Appl
23	59	50.9	16	4	US-08-968-466-2 Sequence 2, Appl
24	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-714-540-9 Sequence 2, Appl
25	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-690-983D-2 Sequence 9, Appl
26	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-690-983D-32 Sequence 32, Appl
27	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-103-022-1 Sequence 1, Appl

28	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-184-935-6 Sequence 6, Appl
29	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-343-883-1 Sequence 1, Appl
30	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-000-931-5 Sequence 5, Appl
31	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-428-488-22 Sequence 22, Appl
32	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-341-219-11 Sequence 11, Appl
33	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-2 Sequence 2, Appl
34	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-4 Sequence 4, Appl
35	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-6 Sequence 6, Appl
36	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-8 Sequence 8, Appl
37	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-10 Sequence 10, Appl
38	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-12 Sequence 12, Appl
39	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-14 Sequence 14, Appl
40	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-16 Sequence 16, Appl
41	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-19 Sequence 19, Appl
42	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-22 Sequence 22, Appl
43	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-188-223-3 Sequence 3, Appl
44	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-406-935-5 Sequence 5, Appl
45	58	50.0	10	4	US-09-317-125-2 Sequence 2, Appl

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
US-07-690-983D-43
Sequence 43, Application US/07690983D
Patent No. 5403586
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690, 983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 24 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-43

Query Match 86.6% Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 2.5e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
QY 2 XHMSYGLRPGQHMSGLRPG 19
|||||

Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 2

US-07-690-983D-45
; Sequence 45, Application US/07690983D
; Patent No. 5403586

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STENART, Andrew G.

APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.

TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner

STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.

CITY: Washington, D.C.

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20007-5109

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D

FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991

CLASSIFICATION: 435

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373

FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: BENT, Stephen A.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300

TELEFAX: (202)672-5399

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 44 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-07-690-983D-45

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 44;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGHWS-GLRPG 19

Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 3

US-08-458-814-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/08458814
; Patent No. 6103243

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J

APPLICANT: DE AIZPURUA, Henry J

APPLICANT: HOWE, Peter

APPLICANT: RAND, Keith N

TITLE OF INVENTION: ORAL VACCINES

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner

STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.

CITY: Washington

STATE: D.C.

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20007-5109

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/458,814

FILING DATE: 02-JUN-1995

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/327,822

FILING DATE: 18-OCT-1994

CLASSIFICATION: 424

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU86/00135

FILING DATE: 14-MAY-1986

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH3104

FILING DATE: 25-OCT-1985

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH0566

FILING DATE: 15-MAY-1985

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: BENT, Stephen A

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 60042/135/BIAU

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 202 672 5300

TELEFAX: 202 672 5399

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 52 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-458-814-6

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 3; Length 52;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGHWS-GLRPG 19

Db 17 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 35

RESULT 4

US-08-458-814-7
; Sequence 7, Application US/08458814
; Patent No. 6103243

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J

APPLICANT: DE AIZPURUA, Henry J

APPLICANT: HOWE, Peter

APPLICANT: RAND, Keith N

TITLE OF INVENTION: ORAL VACCINES

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner

STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.

CITY: Washington

STATE: D.C.

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20007-5109

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/458,814

FILING DATE: 02-JUN-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/327,822
FILING DATE: 18-OCT-1994
CLASSIFICATION: 424
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU86/00135
FILING DATE: 14-MAY-1986
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH3104
FILING DATE: 25-OCT-1985
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH0566
FILING DATE: 15-MAY-1985
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 60042/155/BIAN
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 202 672 5300,
TELEFAX: 202 672 5399
TELEX: 904136
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 55 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
STRANDEDNESS: unknown
TOPOLOGY: unknown
MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
US-08-458-814-7

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 3; Length 55;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 6.2e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 19 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 37

RESULT 5
US-07-690-983D-47
Sequence 47, Application US/07690983D
Patent No. 5403586
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 84 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-47

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 84;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 9.7e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 6
US-07-690-983D-40
Sequence 40, Application US/07690983D
Patent No. 5403586
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-40

Query Match 81.5%; Score 94.5; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e-07;
Matches 16; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 18
|||||:|||||
Db 3 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 20

```
RESULT 7
US-08-694-865-16
; Sequence 16, Application US/08694865
; Patent No. 5837268
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: MANNS, JOHN G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GnRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
; STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
; FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 424
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
; TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 699 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
; US-08-694-865-16

Query Match          74.1%; Score 86; DB 2; Length 699;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 0.00011;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 16; Gaps 2;

2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
36 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGQHWSYGLRPG 69

RESULT 8
US-09-124-491-16
; Sequence 16, Application US/09124491
; Patent No. 6022960
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: MANNS, JOHN G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GnRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
; STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
```

```
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/124,491
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 699 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-09-124-491-16
```

```
Query Match          74.1%; Score 86; DB 3; Length 699;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 0.00011;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 16; Gaps 2;
```

```
QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
DB 36 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGQHWSYGLRPG 69
```

```
RESULT 9
US-08-387-156-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/08387156
; Patent No. 5723129
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
; APPLICANT: HUGHES, HOW P.A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GnRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
; STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CALIFORNIA
; COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/387,156
; FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
; CLASSIFICATION: 424
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
; FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
; FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
```

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-387-156-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 1; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSSQDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 10
US-08-694-865-4
Sequence 4, Application US/08694865
Patent No. 5837268
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
CLASSIFICATION: 424
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-694-865-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSSQDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 11
US-08-878-748-4
Sequence 4, Application US/08878748
Patent No. 5969126
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
APPLICANT: HUGHES, HOW P.A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CALIFORNIA
COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/878,748
FILING DATE: 19-JUN-1997
CLASSIFICATION: 536
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-878-748-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSSQDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 12
US-09-124-491-4
Sequence 4, Application US/09124491
Patent No. 6022960
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA

COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/124,491
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-09-124-491-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 3; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7,2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGSDHWSYGLRPG 36

US-08-387-156-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08387156
Patent No. 5723129
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
APPLICANT: HUGHES, HUI P. A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GHRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CALIFORNIA
COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
CLASSIFICATION: 424

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 544 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-387-156-10

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 1; Length 544;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9,6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGSDHWSYGLRPG 529

RESULT 14
US-08-694-865-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08694865
Patent No. 5837268
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GHRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
CLASSIFICATION: 424
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 544 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-694-865-10

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 544;

Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9.6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
Db 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 529

RESULT 15

US-08-878-748-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08878748

Patent No. 5969126

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.

APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.

APPLICANT: HUGHES, HUN P. A.

TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS

STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET

CITY: PALO ALTO

STATE: CALIFORNIA

COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ZIP: 94301

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/878,748

FILING DATE: 19-JUN-1997

CLASSIFICATION: 536

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156

FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932

FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171

FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999

TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 544 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-878-748-10

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 544;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9.6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
Db 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 529

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:32:51
Job time: 39 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 12.88 Seconds
(without alignments)
106.713 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1

Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHWSYGLRPGHWSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 198801 seqs, 68722935 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 198801

Maximum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR.67:**
1: PIR1:**
2: PIR2:**
3: PIR3:**
4: PIR4:**

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	58	50.0	10	1	RHPGG gonadolibetin - pl
2	58	50.0	10	1	RHSHG gonadolibetin - sh
3	58	50.0	67	2	I78541 gonadolibetin prec
4	58	50.0	89	2	I51423 gonadolibetin prec
5	58	50.0	90	1	RHHMG gonadolibetin prec
6	58	50.0	92	1	RHHUG gonadolibetin prec
7	58	50.0	92	1	RHRTG gonadolibetin prec
8	58	50.0	92	1	RHAQI gonadolibetin I -
9	54	46.6	92	2	I50644 gonadolibetin I pr
10	54	46.6	364	2	B83078 probable D-amino a
11	52.5	45.3	120	2	S05791 mating pheromone a
12	52	44.8	98	2	I50739 gonadotropin-rela
13	50	43.1	477	1	CZCLAM cellulase (EC 3.2.
14	49	42.2	219	2	S74483 hypothetical prote
15	48	41.4	80	1	RHIDIS gonadolibetin I pr
16	48	41.4	91	2	JC7393 medaka-type gonado
17	48	41.4	615	2	H82635 hypothetical prote
18	47.5	40.9	165	1	JFBYI mating pheromone a
19	47.5	40.9	388	2	C72710 probable fmu prote
20	47	40.5	551	2	E64728 yabN protein - Esc
21	46.5	40.1	1216	2	T34101 hypothetical prote
22	46.5	39.7	377	2	A35795 carbonate dehydrat
23	46	39.2	186	2	S76125 hypothetical prote
24	45.5	39.2	259	1	CRB02 carbonate dehydrat
25	45	38.8	10	2	A21114 gonadolibetin - ch
26	45	38.8	74	2	I51092 gonadotropin-rela
27	45	38.8	82	2	I51180 gonadotropin-rela
28	45	38.8	82	2	I51355 gonadotropin-rela
29	45	38.8	82	2	I51365 gonadotropin-rela

30	45	38.8	82	2	I51331 gonadotropin relea
31	45	38.8	90	2	JC7395 salmon-type gonado
32	45	38.8	90	2	A23735 gonadolibetin prec
33	45	38.8	90	2	I51095 gonadolibetin prec
34	45	38.8	133	2	T35218 hypothetical prote
35	45	38.8	149	2	F72677 hypothetical prote
36	45	38.8	248	2	T46837 precorrin-6x reduc
37	45	38.8	409	2	S12588 pol polyprotein -
38	45	38.8	484	2	JE0261 N-acetylglucosamin
39	45	38.8	571	2	F70040 sulfite reductase
40	45	38.8	584	2	JQ1229 cellulase (EC 3.2.
41	45	38.8	1020	2	D83679 hypothetical prote
42	45	38.8	1444	2	T18856 angiogenesis inhib
43	44.5	38.4	259	1	CRRB2 carbonate dehydrat
44	44.5	38.4	260	1	CRH02 carbonate dehydrat
45	44.5	38.4	372	2	E36470 wnt-5b protein - m

ALIGNMENTS

```

RESULT 1.
RHPGG gonadolibetin - pig
C:Species: Sus scrofa domestica (domestic pig)
C>Date: 13-Jul-1981 #sequence-revision 13-Jul-1981 #text-change 18-Mar-1997
C:Accession: A01411
R:Baba, Y.; Matsuo, H.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 44, 459-463, 1971
A>Title: Structure of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone. II. Confirmation of
A:Reference number: A90172; M0ID:72114303
A:Accession: A01411
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-10 <BAB>
R:Matsuo, H.; Aitamura, A.; Nair, R.M.G.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45, 822-827, 1971
A>Title: Synthesis of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone by the solid-phase me
A:Reference number: A90176; M0ID:72065376
A:Contents: annotation; synthesis
A>Note: the synthetic and natural hormones have the same physicochemical and biologic
R:Baba, Y.; Aitamura, A.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45, 483-487, 1971
A>Title: On the tryptophan residue in porcine LH and FSH-releasing hormone.
A:Reference number: A90175; M0ID:72117544
A:Contents: annotation
A>Note: Trp-3 appears to be essential for biological activity
C:Comment: This hypothalamic hormone stimulates the secretion of both luteinizing and
C:Superfamily: gonadolibetin
C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
F:1/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) #status experimental
F:10/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) #status experimental

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 10;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.025;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 2
RHSHG gonadolibetin - sheep
C:Species: Ovis orientalis aries, Ovis ammon aries (domestic sheep)
C>Date: 31-Dec-1991 #sequence-revision 31-Dec-1991 #text-change 18-Mar-1997
C:Accession: A93780; A01411
R:Burgus, R.; Butcher, M.; Amoss, M.; Ling, N.; Monahan, M.; Rivier, J.; Fellows, R.;
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 69, 278-282, 1972
A>Title: Primary structure of the ovine hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing fa
A:Reference number: A93780; M0ID:72094314
A:Accession: A93780

```

A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-10 <BUR>
 A:Note: the natural and synthetic hormones have the same biological activity
 C:Comment: This hypothalamic hormone stimulates the secretion of both luteinizing and fo
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1/Modified site: pyroglutamate carboxylic acid (Gln) #status experimental
 F:10/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) #status experimental

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.025;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

178541

gonadoliberin precursor - rhesus macaque (fragment)
 N:Alternate names: luteinizing hormone releasing hormone

C:Species: Macaca mulatta (rhesus macaque)

C:Date: 02-Aug-1996 #sequence_revision 02-Aug-1996 #text_change 16-Jul-1999

C:Accession: I78541

R:Ma, Y.J.; Costa, M.E.; Ojeda, S.R.

Neuroendocrinology 60, 346-359, 1994

A:Title: Developmental expression of the genes encoding transforming growth factor alpha

A:Reference number: 158134; MUID:95124501

A:Accession: I78541

A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBD

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-67 <RES>

A:Cross-references: GB:S75918; NID:g912831; PIDN:AA033096.1; PID:g912832

C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 2; Length 67;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.17;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 7 HWSYGLRPG 15

151423

gonadoliberin precursor - African clawed frog

N:Alternate names: luteinizing hormone releasing hormone

C:Species: Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog)

C:Date: 13-Sep-1996 #sequence_revision 13-Sep-1996 #text_change 16-Jul-1999

C:Accession: I51423

R:Hayes, M.P.; Wray, S.; Batley, J.F.

Endocrinology 134, 1835-1845, 1994

A:Title: The frog GnRH-I gene has a mammalian-like expression pattern and conserved doma

A:Reference number: I51423; MUID:94185563

A:Accession: I51423

A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBD

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-89 <HA>

A:Cross-references: GB:I28040; NID:g496291; PIDN:AAA49728.1; PID:g496292

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: GnRH-I

C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 2; Length 89;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33
 |||||

RESULT 5

RHMSG gonadoliberin precursor - mouse

N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH); luteinizing hormone releas

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C:Date: 31-Dec-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Mar-1997 #text_change 18-Jun-1999

C:Accession: A47578

R:Masou, A.J.; Hayflick, J.S.; Zoeller, R.T.; Young III, W.S.; Phillips, H.S.; Nikoli

Science 234, 1366-1371, 1986

A:Title: A deletion truncating the gonadotropin-releasing hormone gene is responsible

A:Reference number: A47578; MUID:87069928

A:Accession: A47578

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-90 <MAS>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:M14872; NID:g193576; PIDN:AAA37717.1; PID:g387175

C:Genetics:

A:Introns: 45/3; 77/3

C:Function: gonadoliberin stimulates pituitary secretion of luteinizing hormone and follicle

A:Note: gonadoliberin-associated protein may have prolactin release inhibiting activi

C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin

C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid

F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F:22-31/Product: gonadoliberin #status predicted <GIB>

F:35-90/Product: gonadoliberin-associated protein #status predicted <GAP>

F:22/Modified site: pyroglutamate carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status predic

F:31/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 90;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 23 HWSYGLRPG 31

RESULT 6

RHMSG

gonadoliberin precursor [validated] - human

N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH); luteinizing hormone releas

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 17-Mar-1987 #sequence_revision 21-Jul-1995 #text_change 08-Dec-2000

C:Accession: S05308; A26173; A93342; A90108; A01410; S45718

R:Hayflick, J.S.; Adelman, J.P.; Seeburg, P.H.

Nucleic Acids Res. 17, 6403-6404, 1989

A:Title: The complete nucleotide sequence of the human gonadotropin-releasing hormone

A:Reference number: S05308; MUID:8936682

A:Accession: S05308

A:Status: translation not shown

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-92 <HA>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X15215; NID:g31955; PIDN:CA433285.1; PID:g31956

R:Adelman, J.P.; Mason, A.J.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seeburg, P.H.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83, 179-183, 1986

A:Title: Isolation of the gene and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor of gona

A:Reference number: A94090; MUID:86094338

A:Accession: A26173

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-92 <ADE>

A:Cross-references: GB:M12578; NID:g183418; PIDN:AAA35916.1; PID:g386749

A:Experimental source: hypothalamus

R:Seeburg, P.H.; Adelman, J.P.

Nature 311, 666-668, 1984

A:Title: Characterization of cDNA for precursor of human luteinizing hormone releasin

A:Reference number: A93342; MUID:85012739

A:Accession: A93342
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-15, 'S', 17-92 <SEE>
 A:Cross-references: GB:X01059; NID:g34356; PIDN:CAA25526.1; PID:g34357
 A:Experimental source: Placenta
 R:Ten, L.; Rousseau, P.
 Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 109, 1061-1071, 1982
 A:Title: The chemical identity of the immunoreactive LHRH-like peptide biosynthesized in
 A:Reference number: A90108; MUID:83126573
 A:Accession: A90108
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 24-33 <TRAN>
 A:Experimental source: Placental trophoblasts
 R:Leibovitz, D.; Koch, Y.; Pitterer, F.; Fridkin, M.; Dantes, A.; Baumeister, W.; Amsterda
 FEBS Lett. 346, 203-206, 1994
 A:Title: Sequential degradation of the neuropeptide gonadotropin-releasing hormone by th
 A:Reference number: S45718; MUID:94283597
 A:Contents: annotation; degradation pathway of synthetic hormone
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: GDB:GNRH; LHRH; GRH
 A:Cross-references: GDB:133746; OMIM:227200; OMIM:152760
 A:Position: 8p21-8p11.2
 A:Exons: 47/3; 79/3
 C:Function:
 A:Description: gonadoliberin stimulates pituitary secretion of lutropin and follitropin
 A:Note: gonadoliberin-associated protein may have prolactin release inhibiting activi
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; placenta; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:24-92/Product: progonaoliberin #status predicted <PGN>
 F:37-92/Product: gonadoliberin #status predicted <MAT>
 F:37-92/Product: gonadoliberin-associated protein #status predicted <GAP>
 F:24/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status experim
 F:33/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following gly

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 7
 RHRTG
 gonadoliberin precursor - rat
 N:Alternate names: gonadoliberin-associated protein (GAP); gonadotropin releasing hormo
 N:Title: gonadoliberin: prolactin release-inhibiting factor
 C:Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
 C:Accession: A40147; B26173; A48410
 C:Date: 31-Mar-1988 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1988 #text_change 18-Jun-1999
 R:Bond, C.T.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seeburg, P.H.; Adelman, J.P.
 Mol. Endocrinol. 3, 1257-1262, 1989
 A:Title: The rat gonadotropin-releasing hormone: SH locus: structure and hypothalamic ex
 A:Reference number: A40147; MUID:89384661
 A:Accession: A40147
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <BON>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M1670; NID:g204447; PIDN:AAA41264.1; PID:g204448
 R:Adelman, J.P.; Mason, A.U.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seeburg, P.H.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83, 179-183, 1986
 A:Title: Isolation of the gene and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor of gonadot
 A:Reference number: A94090; MUID:86094338
 A:Accession: B26173
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <ADP>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M12579; NID:g204445; PIDN:AAA41263.1; PID:g204446
 R:Maier, C.C.; Marchetti, B.; LeBoeuf, R.D.; Blalock, J.E.
 Cell. Mol. Neurobiol. 12, 447-454, 1992
 A:Title: Thymocytes express a mRNA that is identical to hypothalamic luteinizing hormone
 A:Reference number: A48410; MUID:93105480

A:Accession: A48410
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <MAT>
 A:Cross-references: GB:S50870; NID:g262059; PIDN:AAB24572.1; PID:g262060
 A:Experimental source: thymus
 A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:121082, NCBI:P:121083)
 C:Genetics:
 A:Introns: 47/3; 79/3
 C:Function:
 A:Description: stimulates pituitary secretion of lutropin and follitropin
 A:Note: gonadoliberin-associated protein may have prolactin release inhibiting activi
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; placenta; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:24-92/Product: progonaoliberin #status predicted <PGN>
 F:37-92/Product: gonadoliberin #status predicted <GAP>
 F:37-92/Product: prolactin release-inhibiting factor #status predicted <PIR>
 F:24/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status predic
 F:33/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 8
 RHAOL
 gonadoliberin I - American alligator
 N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone I
 C:Species: Alligator mississippiensis (American alligator)
 C:Date: 31-Mar-1993 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1993 #text_change 18-Mar-1997
 C:Accession: A60066
 R:Lovejoy, D.A.; Fischer, W.H.; Parker, D.B.; McRory, J.E.; Park, M.; Lance, V.; Swan
 Regul. Pept. 33, 105-116, 1991
 A:Title: Primary structure of two forms of gonadotropin-releasing hormone from brains
 A:Reference number: A60066; MUID:91352338
 A:Accession: A60066
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-10 <LOV>
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) #status experimental
 F:10/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) #status experimental

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.089;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 9
 I50644
 gonadoliberin I precursor - chicken
 N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone I
 C:Species: Gallus gallus (Chicken)
 C:Date: 21-Feb-1997 #sequence_revision 21-Feb-1997 #text_change 16-Jul-1999
 C:Accession: I50644; S33507
 R:Dunn, I.C.; Chen, Y.; Hook, C.; Sharp, P.J.; Sang, H.M.
 J. Mol. Endocrinol. 11, 19-29, 1993
 A:Title: Characterization of the chicken preprogonadotropin-releasing hormone-I gene
 A:Reference number: I50644; MUID:94059355
 A:Accession: I50644
 A>Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A: Molecule type: DNA
 A: Residues: 1-92 <DU2>
 A: Cross-references: EMBL:X69491; NID:g496326; PIDN:CAA9246.1; PID:g311612
 C: Geneticks:
 A: Introns: 47/3; 79/3
 C: Superfamily: gonadoliblerin

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 2; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 0.82;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 10

Unstable D-amino acid oxidase PA4548 [Imported] - Pseudomonas aeruginosa (strain PA01)

C: Species: Pseudomonas aeruginosa
 C: Date: 15-Sep-2000 #sequence_revision 15-Sep-2000 #text_change 31-Dec-2000

C: Accession: B83078
 R: Stover, C.K.; Pham, X.O.; Erwin, A.L.; Mizoguchi, S.D.; Warren, P.; Hickey, M.J.; Br

adman, S.; Yuan, Y.; Brody, L.L.; Coulter, S.N.; Folger, K.R.; Kas, A.; Lardig, K.; Lim,

; Lory, S.; Olson, M.V.
 Nature 406, 959-964, 2000

A: Title: Complete genome sequence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa PA01, an opportunistic patho

A: Reference number: A82950; MUID:20437337

A: Accession: B83078
 A: Status: preliminary

A: Molecule type: DNA
 A: Residues: 1-364 <STO>

A: Cross-references: GB:AE004868; GB:AE004091; NID:g9950785; PIDN:AG07936.1; GSPDB:GN001

A: Experimental source: strain PA01
 C: Geneticks:

A: Gene: PA4548

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 2; Length 364;
 Best Local Similarity 61.5%; Pred. NO. 3.3;
 Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 7 LRPGHWSGLRPG 19
 ::|||
 Db 292 MQPVHWSGLRPG 304

RESULT 11

mating pheromone alpha-2 precursor - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)

N: Alternate names: mating factor alpha-2; mating hormone alpha-2; protein G3181; protein

C: Species: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
 C: Date: 23-Apr-1993 #sequence_revision 23-Apr-1993 #text_change 20-Jun-2000

C: Accession: S05791; S64096
 R: Singh, A.; Chen, E.Y.; Lugovoy, J.M.; Chang, C.N.; Hiltzman, R.A.; Seeburg, P.H.

Nucleic Acids Res. 11, 4049-4053, 1983
 A: Title: Saccharomyces cerevisiae contains two discrete genes coding for the alpha-facto

A: Reference number: S05790; MUID:83246532

A: Accession: S05791
 A: Molecule type: DNA

A: Residues: 1-120 <STN>
 A: Cross-references: EMBL:X01582; NID:g3944; PIDN:CAA2573.1; PID:g495233

R: Rieger, M.; Mueller-Auer, S.; Brueckner, M.; Schaefer, M.
 submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, May 1996

A: Accession: S64096
 A: Molecule type: DNA

A: Residues: 1-120 <RIE>
 A: Cross-references: EMBL:Z72611; NID:g1322616; PIDN:CAA96795.1; PID:g1322617; MIPS:YGL08

C: Experimental source: strain S288C
 C: Geneticks:
 A: Gene: SGD:MF(ALPHA)2; MFA2

A: Cross-references: SGD:S0003057; MIPS:YGL089C
 A: Map position: 7L
 C: Superfamily: mating hormone alpha precursor
 C: Keywords: conjugation; extracellular protein; glycoprotein; hormone
 F:1-21/Domains: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:87-99/Product: mating pheromone alpha #status predicted <MAT1>
 F:108-120/Product: mating pheromone alpha #status predicted <MAT2>
 F:52,62,74/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 45.3%; Score 52.5; DB 2; Length 120;
 Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. NO. 1.7;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 4; Indels 13; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----HWSYGLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 88 HW-LNLRPGQPMYKREANADAMHWLQKPG 116

RESULT 12

gonadotropin-releasing hormone - C1ch1d (Haplochromis burtoni)

C: Species: Haplochromis burtoni
 C: Date: 13-Sep-1996 #sequence_revision 13-Sep-1996 #text_change 21-Jul-2000

C: Accession: I50739
 R: White, S.A.; Kastan, T.L.; Bond, C.T.; Adelman, J.P.; Fernald, R.D.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92, 8363-8367, 1995
 A: Title: Three gonadotropin-releasing hormone genes in one organism suggest novel rol

A: Reference number: I50739; MUID:9539697

A: Accession: I50739
 A: Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A: Molecule type: mRNA
 A: Residues: 1-98 <WHI>

A: Cross-references: EMBL:U31865; NID:g905398; PIDN:AAC59691.1; PID:g905399

C: Superfamily: gonadoliblerin

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 2; Length 98;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 1.6;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 24 HWSYGLRPG 32

RESULT 13

CZCLAM

cellulase (EC 3.2.1.4) A precursor - Clostridium thermocellum

N: Alternate names: endo-1,4-beta-glucanase A precursor
 C: Species: Clostridium thermocellum

C: Date: 28-Dec-1987 #sequence_revision 28-Dec-1987 #text_change 18-Jun-1999
 C: Accession: A23100; B23100

R: Begun, P.; Cornet, P.; Aubert, J.P.
 J. Bacteriol. 162, 102-105, 1985

A: Title: Sequence of a cellulase gene of the thermophilic bacterium Clostridium therm

A: Reference number: A23100; MUID:85157393

A: Accession: A23100
 A: Molecule type: DNA

A: Residues: 1-477 <BEG>
 A: Cross-references: GB:K03088; NID:g144752; PIDN:AAA83521.1; PID:g144753

A: Accession: B23100
 A: Molecule type: protein

A: Residues: 33-48 <BEG2>
 C: Geneticks:

A: Gene: celA
 C: Function:

A: Description: catalyzes the hydrolysis of 1,4-beta-D-glucosidic bonds in beta-D-gluc
 C: Pathway: cellulose degradation
 C: Superfamily: cellulase A; Clostridium cellulase repeat homology
 C: Keywords: duplication; extracellular protein; glycosidase; hydrolase; polysaccharid
 F:1-32/Domains: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:33-477/Product: cellulase A #status predicted <MPT>

F:417-440/Domain: Clostridium cellulase repeat homology <CCRR>
F:449-472/Domain: Clostridium cellulase repeat homology <CCRR>

Query Match 43.1%; Score 50; DB 1; Length 477;
Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 15;
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWMSG 15
DB 194 HGSYVLKPGDRMGC 207

RESULT 14

S74483
hypothetical protein sl11063 - Synechocystis sp. (strain PCC 6803)

C:Species: Synechocystis sp.

A:Variate: PCC 6803

C:Date: 25-Apr-1997 #sequence_revision 25-Apr-1997 #text_change 08-Oct-1999

C:Accession: S74483

R:Kaneko, T.; Sato, S.; Kotani, H.; Tanaka, A.; Asamizu, E.; Nakamura, Y.; Miyajima, N.;
Okumura, S.; Shimpo, S.; Takeuchi, C.; Wada, T.; Watanabe, A.; Yamada, M.; Yasuda
Res. 3, 109-136, 1996

Title: Sequence analysis of the genome of the unicellular cyanobacterium Synechocystis

A:Reference number: S74322; MUID:97061201

A:Accession: S74483

A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-219 <KAN>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:D90899; GB:AB001339; NID:G1651650; PIDN:BA16635.1; PID:dl01736
A:Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1996

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 9.4;

Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWMSG 18

DB 193 HMLGDRP--HMSAQP 207

RESULT 15

RHID15

gonadoliberin I precursor - sharpooth catfish

N:Alternate names: gonadoliberin, catfish-type; gonadotropin-releasing hormone I (GNRH-I)

C:Species: gonadoliberin I; gonadoliberin I-associated protein form I; gonadoliberin I

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

Accession: S45602; S45601; JCI242; S42936; S42937

C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
F:1-21/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <STG>
F:22-31/Product: gonadoliberin I #status experimental <MAT1>
F:35-80/Product: gonadoliberin I-associated protein #status predicted <MAT2>
F:22/Modified site: pyroglutamate carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status experi
F:31/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 41.4%; Score 48; DB 1; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 4.7;
Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 23 HWSYGLRPG 31

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:33:08
Job time: 56 sec

FT MOD_RES 1 1 ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 10 10 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT NON_TER 61 61 AMIDATION (G-11 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 61 AA: 6828 MW: 63962A1AE3198BF0 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 61;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.043;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 2
GONL_MESAU STANDARD; PRT; 63 AA.
AC 009163;
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I)
DE (FRAGMENT).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH OR LHRH.
OS Mesocricetus auratus (Golden hamster).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Cricetinae;
OC Mesocricetus.
NCBI_TaxID=10036;
RN [1]
RA Jansen H.T., Stevens P.J., Zeitler P., Lehman M.N.;
RU Submitted (MAR-1997) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
CC THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
CC HORMONES.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.

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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
CC EMBL: U91938; AAB51302.1; -
CC InterPro: IPR002012; -
CC Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Placenta.
FT NON_TER 1 1
FT CHAIN 1 >63 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 1 10 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 14 >63 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (BY
FT ACT_SITE 3 3 SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 1 1 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL
FT MOD_RES 1 1 ACTIVITY (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 10 10 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY
FT MOD_RES 10 10 SIMILARITY).
FT NON_TER 63 63 AMIDATION (G-11 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY
FT SEQUENCE 63 AA: 7370 MW: FC9495676F77180 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 63;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 67;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.047;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 3
GONL_MACMU STANDARD; PRT; 67 AA.
AC P55247;
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I)
DE (FRAGMENT).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH OR LHRH.
OS Macaca mulatta (Rhesus macaque).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea;
OC Cercopithecinae; Macaca.
NCBI_TaxID=9544;
RN [1]
RA Jansen H.T., Stevens P.J., Zeitler P., Lehman M.N.;
RU Submitted (MAR-1997) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
CC THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
CC HORMONES.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.

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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
CC EMBL: S75918; AAB33096.1; -
CC InterPro: IPR002012; -
CC Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Signal.
FT NON_TER 1 1
FT CHAIN 1 >67
FT PEPTIDE 6 15
FT PEPTIDE 19 >67
FT ACT_SITE 8 8
FT MOD_RES 6 6
FT MOD_RES 15 15
FT NON_TER 67 67
FT SEQUENCE 67 AA: 7573 MW: 505394DAA261A3F2 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 67;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.047;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 7 HWSYGLRPG 15

RESULT 4
GONL_XENLA STANDARD; PRT: 89 AA.

AC P4556;
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I)
DE (LH-RH) (LULIBERIN I).
OS Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Mesobatrachia; Pipidoidea; Pipidae;
OC Xenopodidae; Xenopus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8355;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Forebrain;
RX MEDLINE=94185563; PubMed=8137750;
HAYES W.P., Wray S., Batley J.F.;
"The frog gonadotropin-releasing hormone-I (GNRH-I) gene has a mammalian-like expression pattern and conserved domains in GNRH-associated peptide, but brain onset is delayed until metamorphosis.";
RL Endocrinology 134:1835-1844(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
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CC -----
DR EMBL; L28040; AAA49728.1; -;
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -;
DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KM SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 23
FT CHAIN 24 89 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT CHAIN 37 89 GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE.
FT MOD_RES 37 85 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (GAP).
FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 89 AA: 10246 MW; 6FAF36FBAED04284 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 89;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.061;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 5
GONL_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT: 90 AA.

AC P13562;
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Created)
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING

DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR
DE [1]
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=87069928; PubMed=3024317;
RA Mason A.J., Hayflick J.S., Zoeller R.T., Young W.S. III,
RA Phillips H.S., Nikolics K., Seeburg P.H.;
"A deletion truncating the gonadotropin-releasing hormone gene is responsible for hypogonadism in the hpg mouse.";
RL Science 234:1366-1371(1986).
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
CC -----
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; M14872; AAA3717.1; -;
DR MGD; MGI:95789; Gnrh.
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -;
DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KM PLACENTA; SIGNAL.
FT SIGNAL 1 21
FT CHAIN 22 90 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 22 31 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 35 90 PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR I.
FT ACT_SITE 24 24 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 22 22 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 31 31 AMIDATION (G-32 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 90 AA: 10337 MW; 1C0766FPA4826EAD9 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 90;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 23 HWSYGLRPG 31

RESULT 6
GONL_PIG STANDARD; PRT: 91 AA.

AC P49921;
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OS Sus scrofa (Pig).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Suidae; Suidae; Sus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9823;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Hypothalamus;

```

RA Meesner G.D., Matteri R.L., Becker B.A.;  

RA Submitted (MAY-1994) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.  

RN  

RN [2]  

RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.  

RX MEDLINE=72114303; PubMed=4946067;  

RA Baba Y., Matsuo H., Schally A.V.;  

RT "Structure of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone. II.  

RT Confirmation of the proposed structure by conventional sequential  

RT analyses";  

RL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 44:459-463(1971).  

RN  

RN [3]  

RP SYNTHESIS OF GONADOLIBERIN.  

RX Matsuo H., Arimura A., Nair R.M.G., Schally A.V.;  

RT "Synthesis of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone by the solid-  

RT phase method";  

RL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45:822-827(1971).  

RN  

RN [4]  

RP SYNTHESIS OF GONADOLIBERIN.  

RX MEDLINE=72117544; PubMed=4946275;  

RA Baba Y., Arimura A., Schally A.V.;  

RT "On the tryptophan residue in porcine LH and FSH-releasing hormone";  

RL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45:483-487(1971).  

CC  

CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES  

CC THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING  

CC HORMONES.  

CC  

CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GnRH FAMILY.  

CC  

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CC  

CC EMBL; L32864; AAA31066.1; -.  

DR DR PIR: A01411; RHPG  

DR InterPro: IPR002012; -.  

DR Pfam: PF00446; GnRH.1.  

DR PROSITE: PS00473; GnRH.1.  

KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;  

KW Placenta; Signal.  

FT CHAIN 1 23  

FT PEPTIDE 24 33  

FT PEPTIDE 24 33  

FT ACT_SITE 26 26  

FT  

FT MOD_RES 24 33  

FT MOD_RES 33 33  

SQ SEQUENCE 91 AA; 10090 MW; 8340474FE32DDAA9 CRC64;  

  

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 91;  

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;  

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10  

DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33  

  

RESULT 7  

GONI_HUMAN  

ID GONI_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 92 AA.  

AC P01146;  

DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)  

DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Last sequence update)  

DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  

DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)  

DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING  

DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I) (GONADORELIN) (GNRH-ASSOCIATED

```

G		PEPTIDE [1]. GNRHRL OR GNRH OR LHRH.
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).	-
OC	Eumetazoa; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;	-
OX	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominiidae; Homo. NCBI_TaxId=9606; [1]	-
RN	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.	-
RA	MEDLINE=89366682; PubMed-2671939: Hayflick J.S., Adelman J.P.; Seeburg P.H.: The complete nucleotide sequence of the human gonadotropin-releasing hormone gene." ; RN RL Nucleic Acids Res. 17:6403-6403(1989). [2] RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.	
RX	MEDLINE=86094338; PubMed-2867548:	-
RT	Adelman J.P., Mason A.D., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H.; Isolation of the cDNA and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor of gonadotropin-releasing hormone and prolactin release-inhibiting factor in human and rat."	-
SL	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:179-183(1986). [3] SP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.	
SQ	MEDLINE=85012739; PubMed=6090951; Seeburg P.H., Adelman J.P.; Characterization of cDNA for precursor of human lutelizing hormone releasing hormone;" ; Nature 311:666-668(1984). [4] SN SEQUENCE OF 24-33. SQ MEDLINE=83125573; PubMed=6760865; Tan L., Kousseau P.; The chemical identity of the immunoreactive LH-R-like peptide biosynthesized in the human placenta." Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 109:1061-1071(1982). SI FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS: IT STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.	
CC	- I - PHARMACEUTICAL: AVAILABLE UNDER THE NAMES FACTREL (AYERST LABS), LUTREPUSE OR LOTURELF (FERRING PHARMACEUTICALS) AND RELISOM (SERONO). CC CC - I SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY. ----- CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL Outstation at the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its use by non-profit institutions as long as their content is in no way modified and this statement is not removed, usage by and for commercial entities requires a license agreement (see http://www.isb-sib.ch/announce/ or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch). ----- DR EMBL; X01059; CAA25526.1; - DR EMBL; M12578; AAA35816.1; - DR EMBL; X15215; CAA33285.1; - DR PIR; A01410; RHUUG. DR PIR; A26173; A26173. DR PIR; S05308; S05308. DM MIM; 152760; - DR InterPro; IPRO02012; - DR Pfam; PF00446; GnRH; 1. DR PROSITE; PS00473; GNRH; 1. KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus; Placenta; Pharmaceutical; Signal. FT SIGNAL 1 23 FT CHAIN 24 92 FT PEPTIDE 24 92 FT PEPTIDE 37 92 FT ACT_SITE 26 26 MOD_RES 24 24 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID. FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-S:4 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP). CONFLICT 16 16 W->S (IN REF. 3). SEQUENCE 92 AA; 10380 MW; 30A72221B076FAV9 CnC64;	

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
D6 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 8

CONL_RAT 8 STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.
ID CONL_RAT STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.
AC P07490:
DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Created)
DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
(LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR
I].
GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
NM [1]
NM SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=86094338; PubMed=2867548;
RA Adelman J.P., Mason A.J., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H.;
RT "Isolation of the gene and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor
of gonadotropin-releasing hormone and prolactin release-inhibiting
factor in human and rat."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:179-183(1986).
RN [2]
RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=89384661; PubMed=2476669;
RA Bond C.T., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H., Adelman J.P.;
RT "The rat gonadotropin-releasing hormone: SH locus: structure and
hypothalamic expression."
RL Mol. Endocrinol. 3:1257-1262(1989).
RN [3]
RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Thymus;
RX MEDLINE=93105480; PubMed=1468115;
RA Maier C.C., Marchetti B., Leboeuf R.D., Blalock J.E.;
RT "Thymocytes express a mRNA that is identical to hypothalamic
luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone mRNA."
RL Cell. Mol. Neurobiol. 12:447-454(1992).
RN [4]
RN SEQUENCE OF 1-47 FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Heart;
RX MEDLINE=87149087; PubMed=3547652;
RA Adelman J.P., Bond C.T., Douglass J., Herbert E.;
RT "Two mammalian genes transcribed from opposite strands of the same
DNA locus."
RL Science 235:1514-1517(1987).
RN -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
HORMONES.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
CC EMBL: S50870; AAB24572.1; -

DR EMBL: M12579; AAA41263.1; -
DR EMBL: M31670; AAA41264.1; -
DR EMBL: M15527; AAA42141.1; ALT_SEQ.
DR EMBL: M15529; AAA42139.1; -
DR EMBL: M15528; -; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.
DR PIR: B26173; RHRTG.
DR PIR: A48410; A48410.
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Placenta; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 23
FT CHAIN 24 92 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 37 92 PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR I.
FT ACT_SITE 26 26 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL
FT ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 92 AA; 10500 MW; 494B5C64DA8A3EB3 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
D6 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 9

CONL_TUPGB STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.
ID CONL_TUPGB STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.
AC Q95335;
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
(LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I].
DE GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OS Tupia glis belangeri (Common tree shrew).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Cranialia; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Scandentia; Tupaiidae; Tupai.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9396;
NM [1]
NM SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX TISSUE=Hypothalamus;
RX MEDLINE=97079639; PubMed=8921350;
RA Kaestn T.L., White S.A., Norton T.T., Bond C.T., Adelman J.P.;
RT "Characterization of two new preproGNRH mRNAs in the tree shrew:
first direct evidence for mesencephalic GNRH gene expression in a
placental mammal."
RL Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 104:7-19(1996).
RN -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
HORMONES.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
CC EMBL: U63326; AAB16837.1; -
CC InterPro: IPR002012; -
CC Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.

DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
 KM Placenta; Signal.
 FT SIGNAL 1 23 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT CHAIN 24 92 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 37 92 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
 FT ACT_SITE 26 26 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY.
 FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT SEQUENCE 92 AA: 10197 MW: 4FDBF2C58CF5F63B CRC64;
 Query Match 50.0%; Score 56; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33
 RESULT 10
 GONL_ALMT STANDARD; PRT: 10 AA.
 ID GONL_ALMT
 AC P37041: P20407; (Rel. 17, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN I (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 OS Alligator mississippiensis (American alligator).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Archosauria; Crocodylidae; Alligatorinae; Alligator.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=8496;
 RN [1]
 RP TISSUE-Brain;
 RC MEDLINE=91352338; PubMed=1882082;
 RX Lovejoy D.A., Fischer W.H., Parker D.B., McRory J.E., Park M., Laveoy D.A., Swanson P., Rivier J.E., Sherwood N.M.; "Primary structure of two forms of gonadotropin-releasing hormone from brains of the American alligator (Alligator mississippiensis)."; Regul. Pept. 33:105-116(1991).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC PIR: A60066; RHA01.
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH: 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus.
 FT MOD_RES 1 1 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT MOD_RES 10 10 AMIDATION.
 FT SEQUENCE 10 AA: 1172 MW: 284B23D7286B45A3 CRC64;
 Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.028;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 RESULT 11
 GONL_CHICK STANDARD; PRT: 92 AA.
 ID GONL_CHICK
 AC P37042: P20407; (Rel. 17, Created)

DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Last sequence update)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
 DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I).
 DE Gallus gallus (Chicken).
 OS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Gallinae; Gallus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN-WHITE LEGHORN;
 RX MEDLINE=94059355; PubMed=7902095;
 RA Dunn I.C., Chen Y., Hook C., Sharp P.J., Sang H.M.; "Characterization of the chicken preprogonadotropin-releasing hormone-I gene."; J. Mol. Endocrinol. 11:19-29(1993).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.
 RC TISSUE-Hypothalamus;
 RX MEDLINE=82265778; PubMed=7050119;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of chicken hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone. II. Isolation and characterization."; J. Biol. Chem. 257:10729-10732(1982).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.
 RC TISSUE-Hypothalamus;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of avian hypothalamic gonadotropin-releasing hormone."; S. Afr. J. Sci. 78:124-125(1982).
 RN [4]
 RP SYNTHESIS OF 24-33.
 RX MEDLINE=82265777; PubMed=7050118;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of chicken hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone. I. Structural determination on partially purified material."; J. Biol. Chem. 257:10722-10728(1982).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL: X69491; CAA9246.1; -
 CC PIR: S33507; S33507.
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH: 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus; Signal.
 FT SIGNAL 1 23 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
 FT CHAIN 24 92 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
 FT PEPTIDE 37 92 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT MOD_RES 24 24 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
 FT MOD_RES 33 33
 FT SEQUENCE 92 AA: 10206 MW: 61AEB7EBAF508B6A CRC64;
 Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

FT SIGNAL 1 ? POTENTIAL.
 FT CHAIN 2 120 ALPHA-2 MATING PHEROMONE.
 FT PEPTIDE 87 99 MATING FACTOR ALPHA (1ST COPY).
 FT PEPTIDE 108 120 MATING FACTOR ALPHA (2ND COPY).
 SO SEQUENCE 120 AA; 13271 MW; 10BF3FDB985FBB2D CRC64;

Query Match 45.3%; Score 52.5; DB 1; Length 120;
 Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. No. 0.5;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 4; Indels 13; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----HWSGLRPG 19
 ||||| |||||
 DB 88 HW-LNLRPGQPMYKREANADAHWMLKRG 116

RESULT 14
 HAPBU STANDARD; PRT: 94 AA.
 AC GONI_HAPBU P51918; 093387;
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 GN GNRH1.
 OS Haplochromis burtoni.
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorphi; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Labroidae;
 OC Cichlidae; Astacotilapia.
 NCBI_TaxID=8153;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA MEDLINE-95396797; PubMed-7667296;
 RA White S.A., Kasten T.L., Bond C.T., Adelman J.P., Fernald R.D.;
 RT "Three gonadotropin-releasing hormone genes in one organism suggest novel roles for an ancient peptide."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:8363-8367(1995).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA MEDLINE-99061842; PubMed-9843638;
 RA White R.B., Fernald R.D.;
 RT "Ontogeny of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) gene expression reveals a distinct origin for GNRH-containing neurons in the midbrain."
 RL Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 112:322-329(1998).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 23-32.
 RC TISSUE-Pituitary;
 RX MEDLINE-95372591; PubMed-7644702;
 RA Powell J.F.F., Fischer W.H., Park M., Craig A.G., Ravier J.E.,
 RA White S.A., Francis R.C., Fernald R.D., Licht P., Marby C.,
 RA Sherwood N.M.;
 RT "Primary structure of solitary form of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) in cichlid pituitary: three forms of GNRH in brain of cichlid and pumpkinseed fish."
 RL Regul. Pept. 57:43-53(1995).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS. MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REGULATION OF THE HYPOTHALAMIC-PITUITARY-GONADAL AXIS.
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN PROOPTIC NEURONS AND IS TRANSPORTED TO THE PITUITARY IN THE PREOPTIC-HYPOTHALAMIC AXONS.
 CC -1- MASS SPECTROMETRY: MW=1113.9; METHOD-MALDI; RANGE=23-32.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
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CC -----
 DR EMBL: U31865; AAC59691.1; -
 DR EMBL: AF076961; AAC27716.1; -
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH.1;
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH.1;
 KM Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
 KW Signal; Multigene family.
 FT SIGNAL 1 22
 FT CHAIN 23 94 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 23 32 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 36 94 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (POTENTIAL).
 FT MOD_RES 23 23 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT MOD_RES 32 32 AMIDATION (G-33 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
 FT CONFLICT 86 94 ENGHRTFRK -> KMDTGHSHRNEREL (IN REF. 1).
 SO SEQUENCE 94 AA; 10382 MW; E57DBA8333278D7 CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 1; Length 94;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.46;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 ||||| ||
 DB 24 HWSYGLSPG 32

RESULT 15
 GONI_PAGMA STANDARD; PRT: 95 AA.
 AC GONI_PAGMA P70074;
 DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Created)
 DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Last sequence update)
 DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 OS Pagrus major (Red sea bream) (Chrysophrys major).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostei;
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorphi; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 OC Sparidae; Chrysophrys.
 NCBI_TaxID=8171;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-Brain;
 RA Okuzawa K., Graneman J., Bogerd J., Goos H., Zohar Y., Kagawa H.;
 RL Submitted (SEP-1996) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
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EMBL: D86582; BA13129.1; -
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH.1;
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH.1;
 KM Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
 KW Signal; Multigene family.
 FT SIGNAL 1 23
 FT CHAIN 24 95 POTENTIAL.
 FT PEPTIDE 24 33 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 37 95 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (POTENTIAL).
 FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY SIMILARITY).

SO SEQUENCE 95 AA: 10566 MW: 61E79C90328D73E CRC64;

Query Match 44.88; Score 52; DB 1; Length 95;

Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.47;

Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

|||||

DB 25 HWSIGLSPG 33

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:34:40
Job time: 108 sec

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:37 ; Search time 17.78 seconds
(without alignments)
131.842 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1
Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHWMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 374700 seqs, 117207915 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 374700

Maximum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :
1: SPREMBL_15:*
2: sp.archaea:*
3: sp.bacteria:*
4: sp.fungi:*
5: sp.human:*
6: sp.invertebrate:*
7: sp.mhc:*
8: sp.mammal:*
9: sp.organelle:*
10: sp.plant:*
11: sp.potent:*
12: sp.unclassified:*
13: sp.vertebrate:*
14: sp.virus:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Alt	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	58	50.0	91	13	O9PRH0 anguilla ja
2	52	44.8	87	13	O9Y126 sparus aura
3	52	44.8	95	13	O73812 morone saxa
4	52	44.8	99	13	O91A10 dicentrarch
5	51.5	44.4	263	13	O9PR52 agkistrodon
6	51	44.0	2245	2	O9L6C9 pseudomonas
7	50	43.1	90	13	O91AU2 o91a2 rana dybows
8	49	42.2	51	2	O88004 bordetella
9	49	42.2	75	2	O69271 corynebacte
10	49	42.2	219	2	O53302 synechocyst
11	49	42.2	219	2	P72633 synechocyst
12	49	42.2	315	5	P91045 caenorhabdi
13	48	41.4	615	2	O9PCG7 xyjella fas
14	47.5	40.9	388	1	O9YD14 aeropyrum p
15	47	40.5	77	2	O9XD55 corynebacte
16	47	40.5	1173	11	O9QXV3 rattus norv
17	47	40.5	1197	11	O9QXV2 rattus norv
18	47	40.5	1216	11	O70298 mus musculu
19	47	40.5	1216	11	O9QW16 mus musculu

20	46	39.7	186	2	O55597 synechocyst
21	46	39.7	197	4	O00509 homo sapien
22	46	39.7	647	5	O9VC60 drosophila
23	46	39.7	1638	5	O9V5X3 drosophila
24	45	38.8	33	13	O9W7G0 oncorhynch
25	45	38.8	33	13	O9PT34 oncorhynch
26	45	38.8	82	13	O92094 oncorhynch
27	45	38.8	82	13	O9W7G1 oncorhynch
28	45	38.8	82	13	O91B00 oncorhynch
29	45	38.8	82	13	O91BP9 oncorhynch
30	45	38.8	88	13	O9PSY9 sparus aura
31	45	38.8	89	2	O9ZNI3 pseudomonas
32	45	38.8	90	13	O91A09 dicentrarch
33	45	38.8	133	2	O86708 streptomyce
34	45	38.8	149	1	O9YDS5 aeropyrum p
35	45	38.8	182	14	O85656 moloney mur
36	45	38.8	409	11	O61530 mus musculu
37	45	38.8	484	4	O9UED5 homio sapien
38	45	38.8	531	4	O9Y4C5 homo sapien
39	45	38.8	571	2	O32213 bacillus su
40	45	38.8	696	5	O9VCU2 drosophila
41	45	38.8	1020	2	O9K676 bacillus ba
42	45	38.8	1444	5	O17591 caenorhabdi
43	44.5	38.4	240	2	O9L0U5 streptomyce
44	44	37.9	239	2	O87976 bordetella
45	44	37.9	545	14	O86631 cherry leaf

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID O9PRH0 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 91 AA.

AC O9PRH0: 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)
DE PREPRO-MGNRH PRECURSOR.
OS Anguilla japonica (Japanese eel).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Anguilliformes; Anguillidae;
OC Anguillidae; Anguilla.
NCBI_TaxID=7937;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE-BRAIN;
RA Okubo K., Suetake H., Aida K.;
RT "Expression of two gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) precursor genes in various tissues of the Japanese eel and evolution of GNRH.";
RL Zool. Sci. 16:471-478(1999).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Okubo K., Suetake H., Aida K.;
RT "A splicing variant for the prepro-mammalian gonadotropin-releasing hormone (prepro-GNRH) mRNA is present in the brain and various peripheral tissues of the Japanese eel.";
RL Zool. Sci. 16:645-651(1999).
DR EMBL; AB026989; BAA63597.1; -;
DR EMBL; AB026991; BAA63597.1; -;
DR INTERPRO: IPR002012; -;
DR PFAM: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Signal.
FT SIGNAL. 1 22 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 23 32 MGNRH.
FT CHAIN 33 91 GNRH ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE.
SQ SEQUENCE 91 AA: 9893 MW: 81569DC08434A7B CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 13; Length 91;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.28;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 24 HWSYGLRPG 32

RESULT 2
 09Y126 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 87 AA.

AC 09Y126: 01-MAY-1998 (TREMBlrel. 10, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-1998 (TREMBlrel. 10, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE) (GNRH) (LULIBERIN)
 DE (FRAGMENT).
 OS Sparus aurata (Gilthead sea bream).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 CC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 CC Sparidae; Sparus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=8175;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-Ovary;
 RA Nabissi M.;
 RL Submitted (FEB-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND
 CC FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 DR EMBL; AF046801; AAD02427.1; -.
 DR INTERPRO: IPR002012; -.
 DR PFM: PFM00446; GNRH; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation.
 FT NON_TER 1 1
 FT NON_TER 87 87
 SO SEQUENCE 87 AA; 9871 MW; 0D246353D96782A CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 87;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.8;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 22 HWSYGLSPG 30

RESULT 3
 073812 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 95 AA.

AC 073812: 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBlrel. 07, Created)
 DT 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBlrel. 07, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE) (GNRH) (LULIBERIN).
 DE Morone saxatilis (Striped bass).
 OS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 CC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 CC Moronidae; Morone.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=34816;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Chow M.M., Kight K.E., Gohlif Y., Alok D., Zohar Y.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND
 CC FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 DR EMBL; AF056314; AAD03817.1; -.
 DR INTERPRO: IPR002012; -.
 DR PFM: PFM00446; GNRH; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.

DR PRODOM; PD005581; -; 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation.
 SO SEQUENCE 95 AA; 10411 MW; 980C6988FC279BFC CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 95;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 24 HWSYGLSPG 32

RESULT 4
 09Y110 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 99 AA.

AC 09Y110: 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE SEABREAM ISOFORM.
 OS Dicentrarchus labrax (European sea bass).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 CC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 CC Moronidae; Dicentrarchus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=13489;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-BRAIN;
 RA Gonzalez-Martinez D., Madiou T., Zmora N., Anglade I., Zanny S.,
 RA Zohar Y., Elizur A., Munoz-Cueto J.A., Kah O.;
 RT "Differential expression of three different prepro-GNRH
 RT (Gonadotrophin-releasing hormone) messengers in the brain of the
 RT European sea bass (Dicentrarchus labrax).";
 RL Submitted (JAN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-BRAIN;
 RA Zmora N., Zohar Y., Elizur A.;
 RT "3 GNRH form in the seabass Dicentrarchus labrax.";
 RL Submitted (JAN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF224279; AAF62898.1; -.
 SO SEQUENCE 99 AA; 10758 MW; EC8AEEC93CC02904 CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 99;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.1;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 28 HWSYGLSPG 36

RESULT 5
 09P52 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 263 AA.

AC 09P52: 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBlrel. 14, Last annotation update)
 DE BPP-CNP PRECURSOR HOMOLOG.
 OS Agkistrodon halys blomhoffi (Mamushi) (Gloydius blomhoffi).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 CC Lepidosauna; Squamata; Scleroglossa; Serpentes; Colubroidae;
 CC Viperidae; Crotalinae; Agkistrodon.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=61300;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-VENOM GLAND;
 RA Murayama N.;

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RT      *Agkistrodon blomhoffi cDNA for BPP-CNP precursor homolog.;
RL      Submitted (DEC-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR      EMBL: AB020810; BAA36953.1;
DR      INTERPRO: IPR000663;
DR      PRAM: PF00212; ANP: 1.
DR      PRINTS: PR00710; NATPEPTIDES.
DR      PROSITE: PS00263; NATRIURETIC_PEPTIDE; 1.
FT      CHAIN          31      41      BLOMHOFFIN.
FT      CHAIN          31      40      POTENTIATOR A.
FT      CHAIN          49      59      LEU3-BLOMHOFFIN.
FT      CHAIN          67      77      POTENTIATOR C.
FT      CHAIN          85      95      POTENTIATOR B.
FT      CHAIN          103     113     POTENTIATOR B.
FT      CHAIN          117     127     POTENTIATOR E.
FT      CHAIN          242     263     CNP-22.
SO      SEQUENCE      263 AA; 27339 MW; 407BA9A572BF5FC8 CRC64;

Query Match          44.4%; Score 51.5; DB 13; Length 263;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 6.6;
Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 9; Gaps 2;

3 WSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
||| ||| ||| ||| |||
47 WSGGLPPEPPIRLVYQMSQGLPVG 72

RESULT 6
O9L6C9          PRELIMINARY;      PRT; 2245 AA.
AC      O9L6C9;
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last annotation update)
DE      PYOVERDINE SYNTHETASE B.
GN      PVS8.
OS      Pseudomonas fluorescens.
OC      Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Pseudomonadaceae;
OX      NCBI_TaxID=294;
RN      [1]
RP      SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA      Moshalatos D., Kosdam N., Pirnay J., Cornells P.;
RT      Cloning by Functional Complementation of a Peptide Synthetase Gene
RT      Involved in Pyoverdine Biosynthesis in Pseudomonas fluorescens ATCC
RT      17400.
RL      Submitted (FEB-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR      EMBL: AF237701; AAF40220.1;
SO      SEQUENCE      2245 AA; 247497 MW; F5C3233342079278 CRC64;

Query Match          44.0%; Score 51; DB 2; Length 2245;
Best Local Similarity 58.3%; Pred. No. 68;
Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

2 HWSYGLRPGQHW 13
||| ||| |||
703 HWPGLGWTPIQHW 714

RESULT 7
O9IAU2          PRELIMINARY;      PRT; 90 AA.
AC      O9IAU2;
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT      01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last annotation update)
DE      GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE.
OS      Rana dybowskii (Frog).
OC      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC      Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Neobatrachia; Ranoidae; Rana.
OX      NCBI_TaxID=71582;
RN      [1]

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RP      SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC      TISSUE-BRAIN;
RA      Yoo M.S., Kang H.M., Choi H.S., Chun S.Y., Troskie B., Miller R.P.,
RA      Kwon H.B.;
RT      *Molecular Cloning, Distribution and Pharmacological Characterisation
RT      of a Novel Gonadotropin-Releasing Hormone([Trp8]GnRH) in Frog Brain.
RL      Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 0:0-0(2000).
DR      EMBL: AF139911; AAF44343.1;
SO      SEQUENCE      90 AA; 10368 MW; C3D573E78B52ABFA CRC64;

Query Match          43.1%; Score 50; DB 13; Length 90;
Best Local Similarity 48.9%; Pred. No. 3.6;
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

2 HWSYGLRPG 10
||||| |||
26 HWSYGLMPG 34

RESULT 8
O88004          PRELIMINARY;      PRT; 51 AA.
ID      O88004;
AC      O88004;
DT      01-NOV-1998 (TREMBlrel. 08, Created)
DT      01-NOV-1998 (TREMBlrel. 08, Last sequence update)
DT      01-NOV-1998 (TREMBlrel. 08, Last annotation update)
DE      PUTATIVE SECRETED PROTEIN.
GN      BBLPS1.35C.
OS      Bordetella bronchiseptica.
OC      Bacteria; Proteobacteria; beta subdivision; Alcaligenaceae;
OX      NCBI_TaxID=518;
RN      [1]
RP      SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC      STRAIN-CN7635E;
RA      Stevens K., Churcher C.M., Badcock K.L.;
RL      Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN      [2]
RP      SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC      STRAIN-CN7635E;
RA      Parkhill J., Preston A., Maskell D.J., Barrell B.G.;
RL      Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR      EMBL: AJ007747; CAA07674.1;
SO      SEQUENCE      51 AA; 5778 MW; 772B056D0486D90A CRC64;

Query Match          42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 51;
Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred. No. 2.8;
Matches 10; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

3 WSYGLRPGQHWSGLRP 18
||| ||| ||| |||
14 WYVAL--GQGWGLRPG 27

RESULT 9
O69271          PRELIMINARY;      PRT; 75 AA.
ID      O69271;
AC      O69271;
DT      01-AUG-1998 (TREMBlrel. 07, Created)
DT      01-AUG-1998 (TREMBlrel. 07, Last sequence update)
DT      01-NOV-1998 (TREMBlrel. 08, Last annotation update)
DE      NRDH-REDOXIN.
GN      NRDH.
OS      Corynebacterium ammoniagenes (Brevibacterium ammoniagenes).
OC      Bacteria; Firmicutes; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae;
OC      Actinomycetales; Corynebacteriaceae; Corynebacteriaceae;
OX      NCBI_TaxID=1697;
RN      [1]
RP      SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC      STRAIN-ATCC6872;

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RX MEDLINE=98136125; PubMed=9468481;
 RA Fieschl F., Torrents E., Touloukianova L., Jordan A., Hellman U.,
 RA Barde J., Gilbert I., Karlsson M., Sjoberg B.M.;
 RT "The manganese-containing ribonucleotide reductase of *Corynebacterium*
 RL *ammonialegens* is a class II enzyme.";
 RA J. Biol. Chem. 273:4329-4337(1998).
 DR EMBL: Y09572; CAA70763.1; -
 SO SEQUENCE 75 AA; 8290 MW; 4C4D3C37E51C11AD CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 75;
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 4.2;
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 10 GOWHSGLRP 18
 DB 58 GOWHSGFRP 66

RESULT 10

ID 055302 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 219 AA.

AC 055302;
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBlrel. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBlrel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBlrel. 01, Last annotation update)
 DE HYPOTHETICAL 23.9 KDA PROTEIN.
 OS *Synechocystis* sp.
 OC Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; *Synechocystis*.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=1143;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Zuther E., Klepert K., Hagemann M.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL: U76928; AAA92547.1; -
 KW Hypothetical protein.
 SO SEQUENCE 219 AA; 23913 MW; 4802BA4CE030D17E CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
 Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 12;
 Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

193 HMLGDRP--HMSAOP 207

RESULT 11

ID P72633 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 219 AA.

AC P72633;
 DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBlrel. 02, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBlrel. 02, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBlrel. 14, Last annotation update)
 DE HYPOTHETICAL 24.0 KDA PROTEIN.
 GN SLL1063.
 OS *Synechocystis* sp. (strain PCC 6803).
 OC Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; *Synechocystis*.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=1148;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA MEDLINE=97061201; PubMed=8905231;
 RA Kaneo T., Sato S., Kocant H., Tanaka A., Asamizu E., Nakamura Y.,
 RA Miyajima N., Hirosewa M., Sugitara M., Sasamoto S., Kimura T.,
 RA Hosouchi T., Matsuno A., Mureki A., Nakazaki N., Nartuo K., Okumura S.,
 RA Shimo S., Takeuchi C., Wada T., Watanabe A., Yamada M., Yasuda M.,
 RA Tabata S.;
 RT "Sequence analysis of the genome of the unicellular cyanobacterium
 RT *Synechocystis* sp. strain PCC6803. II. Sequence determination of the
 RT entire genome and assignment of potential protein-coding regions.";
 DR DNA Res. 3:109-136(1996).
 DR EMBL: D90899; BAA1635.1; -

KW Hypothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 219 AA; 23996 MW; 4802BA4CE571857E CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
 Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 12;
 Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

193 HMLGDRP--HMSAOP 207

RESULT 12

ID P91045 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 315 AA.

AC P91045;
 DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMBlrel. 03, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMBlrel. 03, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Last annotation update)
 DE SIMILARITY TO HUMAN GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN.
 GN C13A10.3.
 OS *Caenorhabditis elegans*.
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditidae;
 OC Rhabditidae; Peloderinae; *Caenorhabditis*.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;
 RX MEDLINE=94150718; PubMed=7906398;
 RA Wilson R., Ainscough R., Anderson K., Baynes C., Berks M.,
 RA Bonfield J., Burton J., Connell M., Copey T., Cooper J., Coulson A.,
 RA Craxton M., Dear S., Du Z., Durbin R., Favello A., Fulton L.,
 RA Gardner A., Green P., Hawkins T., Hillier L., Jier M., Johnston L.,
 RA Jones M., Kershaw J., Kirsten T., Laister N., Latreille P.,
 RA Lightning J., Lloyd C., McMurray A., Mortimore B., O'Callaghan M.,
 RA Parsons J., Percy C., Rifken L., Roopra A., Saunders D., Showkhen R.,
 RA Smaildon N., Smith A., Sonhammer E., Staden R., Sulston J.,
 RA Thierry-Mieg J., Thomas K., Vaudin M., Vaughan K., Waterston R.,
 RA Watson A., Weinstock L., Wilkinson-Sproat J., Woldman P.,
 RT "2.2 Mb of contiguous nucleotide sequence from chromosome III of *C. elegans*.";
 RT Nature 368:32-38(1994).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;
 RA Pauley A., Maggi L.;
 RL Submitted (JAN-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;
 RA Waterston R.;
 RL Submitted (DEC-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL: U80841; AAB37940.1; -
 DR INTERPRO: IPR001452; -
 DR PFM: PF00018; SH3; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PSS0002; SH3; 1.
 SO SEQUENCE 315 AA; 36385 MW; B8572746211CFAAC CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 5; Length 315;
 Best Local Similarity 63.2%; Pred. No. 18;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 4; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

79 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 95

RESULT 13

ID Q9PCG7 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 615 AA.

AC Q9PCG7;

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